



SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** 330030001 - PROTEK GALVANIZADO EN FRIO
Other means of identification:
UFI: FSH9-J03N-5006-N8KF
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
 Relevant uses (Consumer use): Industrial paint
 Relevant uses (Professional users): Industrial paint
 Relevant uses (Industrial user): Industrial paint
 Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
 EUPINCA
 C/ Londres, 13 - Pol. Ind. Cabezo Beaza
 30353 Cartagena - Murcia - España
 Phone: +34 968089000
 info@grupotkrom.com
 https://www.tkrom.com/
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 968 08 90 00 (Oficce hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
 Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Category 4, H312+H332
 Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard, Category 1, H400
 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 1, H410
 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373
 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

- 2.2 Label elements:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Warning



Hazard statements:

- Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
- Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
- STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

** Changes with regards to the previous version



SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
 P102: Keep out of reach of children.
 P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
 P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.
 P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality.

Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; Xylene; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of pigments and resins

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3 Index: 030-002-00-7 REACH: 01-2119467174-37-XXXX	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised)⁽¹⁾	ATP CLP00	25 - <50 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning	
CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics⁽¹⁾	Self-classified	10 - <25 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	Xylene⁽¹⁾	Self-classified	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 Index: 603-064-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457435-35-XXXX	1-methoxy-2-propanol⁽¹⁾	ATP ATP01	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	
CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119555267-33-XXXX	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene⁽¹⁾	Self-classified	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5 Index: 030-013-00-7 REACH: 01-2119463881-32-XXXX	zinc oxide⁽¹⁾	ATP CLP00	<1 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit



SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1 Index: 606-021-00-7 REACH: 01-2119472430-46-XXXX	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone ⁽¹⁾ ATP ATP09		<1 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 1B: H360D; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	Ethylbenzene ⁽²⁾ ATP ATP06		<1 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	
CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6 Index: 607-096-00-9 REACH: 01-2119472428-31-XXXX	maleic anhydride ⁽¹⁾ ATP ATP13		<1 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH071 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	% (w/w) >=10: STOT SE 3 - H335
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	% (w/w) >=0,001: Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Not relevant	Not relevant	
		1100 mg/kg	Rat
		17 mg/L	Rat
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Not relevant	Not relevant	
		1100 mg/kg	Rat
		11 mg/L	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Not relevant	Not relevant	
		Not relevant	
		17,2 mg/L	Rat
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	1090 mg/kg	Not relevant	Rat
	Not relevant	Not relevant	
	Not relevant	Not relevant	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

**SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media:****Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:****For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:



SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	IOELV (8h)		
Xylene ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
1-methoxy-2-propanol ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	375 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	568 mg/m ³
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	IOELV (8h)	10 ppm	40 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	20 ppm	80 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m ³

⁽¹⁾ Skin

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised) CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	5 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	183 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	553,5 mg/m ³	553,5 mg/m ³	369 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	5 mg/m ³	0,5 mg/m ³
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	4,8 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	14,4 mg/m ³	40 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	180 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	293 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Not relevant
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	0,2 mg/m ³	0,2 mg/m ³	0,081 mg/m ³	0,081 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised) CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	2,5 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m ³	Not relevant

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	260 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	78 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	43,9 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	260 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	83 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	2,5 mg/m ³	Not relevant
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,85 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	2,4 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	3,6 mg/m ³	4,5 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	15 mg/m ³	Not relevant

PNEC:

Identification				
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised) CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3	STP	0,1 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0206 mg/L
	Soil	106,8 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0061 mg/L
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	235,6 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	121 mg/kg
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10 mg/L
	Soil	4,59 mg/kg	Marine water	1 mg/L
	Intermittent	100 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	52,3 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	5,2 mg/kg
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	STP	0,1 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0206 mg/L
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0061 mg/L
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	117,8 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	56,5 mg/kg
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	STP	10 mg/L	Fresh water	0,25 mg/L
	Soil	0,07 mg/kg	Marine water	0,025 mg/L
	Intermittent	5 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1,09 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,109 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	0,02 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	STP	44,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,038 mg/L
	Soil	0,037 mg/kg	Marine water	0,004 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,379 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,296 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,03 mg/kg

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -





SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

8.2 Exposure controls:



A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	 CAT III	EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands





Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	 CAT III	EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	 CAT II	EN 166:2002 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	 CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2005/A1:2011 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1995	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	 CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

Volatile organic compounds:



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	27,78 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	509,24 kg/m ³ (509,24 g/L)
Average carbon number:	7,79
Average molecular weight:	109,45 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Colour:	According to the markings on the package, Grey
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	146 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	599 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	3305,97 Pa (3,31 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	1833,4 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,833
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	32 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	265 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *
-----------------------------	----------------

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
Other safety characteristics:	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Xylene (3); Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); Zeolites (3); Talc (3); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (3); Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness. Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	Route	Dose	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L	Rat
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LD50 oral	>3492 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	4500 mg/L	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	
	LC50 inhalation dust	1,5 mg/L	
	LC50 inhalation mist	1,5 mg/L	
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	LD50 oral	7950 mg/kg	Mouse
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation		



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17,2 mg/L	Rat
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised) CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3	LC50	0,31 mg/L (96 h)	N/A	Fish
	EC50	1,22 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	LC50	20800 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	23300 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	1000 mg/L (168 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	LC50	0,82 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Fish
	EC50	3,4 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	LC50	832 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	4897 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised) CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3	NOEC	0,44 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	0,031 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	NOEC	0,44 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	0,031 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	12,5 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	0,96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	90 %
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	BOD5	1,09 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1,6 g O2/g	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	0,68	% Biodegradable	73 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	90 %
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	33.33 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	29 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	98,19 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.44
	Potential	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	BCF	0.23
	Pow Log	-0.46
	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BCF	1
	Pow Log	3.15
	Potential	Low
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	BCF	
	Pow Log	-2.61
	Potential	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Not relevant EC: 905-562-9	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS: 872-50-4 EC: 212-828-1	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	4,007E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m ³ /mol
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	1,673E-2 N/m (250,21 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
	Koc	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m ³ /mol

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** Yes
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
Segregation group: Not relevant
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): *N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)*
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E1	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	100	200

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ...):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Contains N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone. 1. | Shall not be placed on the market as a substance on its own or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,3 % after 9 May 2020 unless manufacturers, importers and downstream users have included in the relevant chemical safety reports and safety data sheets, Derived No-Effect Levels (DNELs) relating to exposure of workers of 14,4 mg/m³ for exposure by inhalation and 4,8 mg/kg/day for dermal exposure. | 2. | Shall not be manufactured, or used, as a substance on its own or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,3 % after 9 May 2020 unless manufacturers and downstream users take the appropriate risk management measures and provide the appropriate operational conditions to ensure that exposure of workers is below the DNELs specified in paragraph 1. | 3. | By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 and 2, the obligations laid down therein shall apply from 9 May 2024 in relation to placing on the market for use, or use, as a solvent or reactant in the process of coating wires.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Precautionary statements

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H312+H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
 Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
 Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
 Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
 Repr. 1B: H360D - May damage the unborn child.
 Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
 STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
 STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
 STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
 STOT SE 3: Calculation method
 Aquatic Chronic 1: Calculation method
 STOT RE 2: Calculation method
 Aquatic Acute 1: Calculation method
 Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method
 Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
 Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
 IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
 IATA: International Air Transport Association
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
 BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
 BCF: Bioconcentration factor
 LD50: Lethal Dose 50
 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
 EC50: Effective concentration 50
 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
 Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
 UFI: unique formula identifier
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -